

## **ANCILLARY SERVICES**

### In this Section:

**Overview Loss Election Procedure** 

<u>Self Supply Losses or Purchase Losses from a Third Party Loss Compensation</u>

### 1.0 OVERVIEW

Under Sections 3 and 15.7 of BC Hydro's <u>Open Access Transmission Tariff</u> (OATT), Transmission Customers must have ancillary services as part of their transmission service. as <u>follow:</u>

Ancillary Service	Source	Rate Schedule
Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch	Must purchase from BC Hydro	03
Reactive Supply and Voltage Control	Must purchase from BC Hydro	04
Regulation and Frequency	Can self supply, purchase from BC	05
Response	Hydro or purchase from a third party	
Energy Imbalance	Can self supply, purchase from BC	06
	Hydro or purchase from a third party	
Operating Reserve-Spinning	Can self supply, purchase from BC	07
	Hydro or purchase from a third party	
Operating Reserve-	Can self supply, purchase from BC	08
Supplemental	Hydro or purchase from a third party	
Loss Compensation	Can self supply or purchase from BC	09 and 10
	Hydro	

If the Transmission Customer is purchasing Ancillary Services from a third party, the third party must be able to supply BC Hydro when called upon. The Transmission Customer must inform BC Hydro which Ancillary Services it will purchase from BC Hydro prior to the commencement of service requested. Refer to BC Hydro's OATT Business Practice on *Becoming a BC Hydro Transmission Customer* for election requirements in the registration process.

These Business Practices provide clarification of the rules, standards and practices used by BC Hydro to implement its OATT. While the terms of BC Hydro's OATT and these Business Practices govern, the Transmission Ceustomers should also refer to the NAESB WEQ Business Standards, WECC Regional Criteria, and WECC Regional Business Practices, which BC Hydro has followed in most, but not all, respects. BC Hydro also complies with the Mandatory Reliability Standards adopted by the BCUC.

## 2.0 LOSS ELECTION PROCEDURE



Per Section 15.7 of BC Hydro's OATT, BC Hydro requires the supply of losses for all Transmission Service. Transmission Customers may choose to purchase Loss Compensation Service from BC Hydro (Rate Schedule 09), or, self supply losses or as approved by BC Hydro, purchase losses from a third party (Rate Schedule 10).

All Transmission Customers must renew their election for the supply of losses every year in April. On April 1st of every year, BC Hydro will notify Transmission Customers about the requirement for loss supply election. The Transmission Customer must upload the Losses Supply Election Form by April 15th on the BC Hydro Transmission Customer portal or provide an email specifying the election to BC Hydro at go.atf@bchydro.com. Otherwise, BC Hydro will deem the Transmission Customer to have elected to purchase Loss Compensation Service from BC Hydro.



## 32.0 SELF SUPPLY LOSSES OR PURCHASE LOSSES FROM A THIRD PARTYLOSS COMPENSATION

If a Transmission Customer has elected to self supply or has been approved by BC Hydro to purchase energy losses from a third party, the following conditions apply:

- 1. The Transmission Customer must provide losses for each hour it has energy scheduled. Through the OATI electronic tagging system, the Transmission Customer must submit one of the below:
  - one loss e-Tag for each hour,
  - one loss e-Tag that covers all hours, or
  - one loss e-Tag for each e-Tag.
- 2. The full parent e-Tag number(s)/ID(s) must be entered in the Misc (Token/Value) field for successful linkage between the loss e-Tag(s) and parent e-Tag(s).
- 3. A loss e-Tag must reference a valid Transmission Reservation on an import or an internal path where the suffix of the POD is ".Losses". Refer to Table 1 of BC Hydro's OATT Business Practice on Posting of Transmission Service Offerings for valid Path Name and POR/POD combinations.
- 4. If a loss e-Tag references multiple Transmission Reservations on more than one path, it will be DENIED.
- 5. The loss e-Tag(s) is subject to the scheduling timelines of energy schedules as defined in BC Hydro's OATT Business Practices on Submitting and Processing of Energy Schedules.
- 6. Transmission Customers cannot submit partial losses, it must be in whole MWs. Refer to examples above.

Per Section 15.7 of BC Hydro's OATT, BC Hydro requires the supply of losses for all transmission service. Transmission Customers may choose to self supply losses. The Real Power Loss Factor on energy transmitted over BC Hydro's system is specified in Rate Schedule 10 of the OATT. For Transmission Customers who have elected to purchase Loss Compensation Service from BC Hydro, BC Hydro will charge the Transmission Customer for the required Loss Amount pursuant to Rate Schedule 09 of BC Hydro's OATT.



### 32.1 Loss Factor Calculation

Rate Schedule 10 is used to determine the MW of losses by the Transmission Customer.

The amount of losses a Transmission Customer has tomust provide on its energy schedule is determined as follows:

Required Loss Amount = Energy Schedule x [1 / (1 - Power Loss Factor Real Power Losses % at Point of Receipt) - 1]

### <u>Example</u>

Energy Schedule—\_= 100 MW for HE2

Power Loss Factor Real Power Losses %—\_= 6.28% at Point of Receipt (POR)

Required Loss Amount =  $100_{MW} \times [1 / (1 - 6.28\%) - 1]$ \_=  $100_{MW} \times 0.067$ =  $6.7_{MW}$ 

For the Transmissionmissin Customer to receive 100 MW at the Point of Delivery (POD), the Transmission Customer is required to inject 106.7 MW into the BC Hydro transmission system at the POR.

Losses must be submitted in whole MWs, therefore, in the above example, the Transmission Customer <u>would-must</u> submit a Loss eTag for 7 MW. BC Hydro uses the round up and carry forward methodology for energy schedules with multiple hours. Refer to Section 23.2 below for an example.

## 23.2 Round Up and Carry Forward Methodology

Transmission Customers must use the "round up and carry forward"-method to create the profile of the loss e-Tag to deal-addresswith loss obligations under 1 MW.

The following example demonstrates how the round up and carry forward method works and provides a brief illustration of how loss e\_Tags will be evaluated.



## Example #1

	HE01 (MW)	HE02 (MW)	HE03 (MW)	HE04 (MW)	HE05 (MW)	TOTAL
e <u>-</u> Tag	100	100	50	100	100	450
Loss e <u>-</u> Tag	7 round up	7 round up	3 round up	7 round up	7 round up	31
	(100 x 6.70% = 6.70)	(100 x 6.70% - 0.30 CF =	(50 x 6.7% - 0.60 CF =	(100 x 6.70% - 0.25 CF =	(100 x 6.7% - 0.55 CF =	
	CF =30	6.40) CF =60	2.75) CF =25	6.45) CF =55	6.15)	

<sup>\*</sup>CF = Carried Forward

The loss e\_Tag in the **Ee**xample **#1** would be accepted because:

- a) In each hour, the loss coverage is within 1 MW of 6.70% of the e-Tag's profile;
- b) The last hour is rounded up to 7 MW because there is no partial losses (HE 05 is 6.15); and
- c) The total energy on the loss eTag (31 MW) is not less than 6.70% of the e-Tag (6.70% of 450 MW = 30.15 MW).

### Example #2

	HE01 (MW)	HE02 (MW)	HE03 (MW)	HE04 (MW)	HE05 (MW)	TOTAL
e <u>-</u> Tag 1	100	100	50	100	100	450
e-Tag 2	50	50	50			150
e-Tag 3	10		10		10	30
e <u>-</u> Tag 4	5	5	5	5		20
-Loss e-Tag	12	10	8	7	7	44
	round up (165 x 6.70% = 11.06) CF =94	round up (155 x 6.70% - 0.94 CF = 9.45) CF =55	round up (115 x 6.7% - 0.55 CF = 7.17) CF =83	round up (105 x 6.70% - 0.83 CF = 6.21) CF =79	round up (110 x 6.7% - 0.79 CF = 6.58)	

The loss e-Tag in the example Example would be#2 is accepted because:

- a) In each hour, the loss coverage is within 1 MW of 6.70% of all the total of the e\_ Tags;
- b) The last hour is rounded up to 7 MW because there is no partial losses (HE 05 is 6.58); and



c) The total energy on the loss  $e_{-}$ Tag (44 MW) is not less than 6.70% of the all the  $e_{-}$ Tags (6.70% of 650 MW = 43.55 MW).

#### 2.3 Self Supply of Losses or Purchase Losses From a Third Party

If a Transmission Customer has elected to self-supply energy losses, the following conditions apply:

The Transmission Customer must provide losses for each hour it has energy scheduled. The Transmission Customer can submit one loss eTag for each hour, one loss eTag that covers all hours, or one loss eTag for each eTag. The complete parent eTag number(s)/ID(s) must be entered in the Misc (Token/Value) field for successful linkage between the child and parent eTag,

- A loss eTag must reference a valid confirmed OASIS Transmission ID (ARef) on an import or an internal path where the suffix of the POD is ".Losses". Refer to Table 1 of BC Hydro's OATT Business
   Practice on Posting of Transmission Service Offerings for valid Path Name and POR/POD combinations. If a loss eTag references multiple OASIS IDs (ARefs) on more than one path, it will be DENIED.
- 1. The loss eTag(s) will be subject to the scheduling timelines of energy schedules as defined in BC Hydro's OATT Business Practices on Submitting and Processing of Energy Schedules.
- Transmission Customers cannot submit partial losses, it must be in whole MWs. Refer to examples above.

# 23.43 Loss Calculator

To assist Transmission Customers in determining the amount of losses required for an energy schedule, BC Hydro has developed a <u>loss calculator</u>.

#### 23.-54 Definition of the Three Strike Rule

Pursuant to Section 15.7 of the OATT, if a Transmission Customer fails to submit valid losses for its energy schedules associated with its <u>T</u>transmission <u>reservation</u>Reservation(s), BC Hydro will:

- i. charge the Transmission Customer for loss compensation service pursuant to Rate Schedule 09 for the amount that was deficient in the loss supply; and
- ii. inform the Transmission Customer, via email and/or letter, that it has received a "strike" because it failed to submit a valid loss schedule and/or it did not adequately supply losses.



The Transmission Customer will receive a "strike" for every hour that it did not supply valid losses for its energy schedule(s) or there was a partial or full deficiency in supply.

If a Transmission Customer has received a "strike" three times, BC Hydro will:

- i. not permit the Transmission Customer to self supply losses until the next election period (refer to Section 2.6 below2.0); and
- ii. notify the Transmission Customer, via email and/or letter, of the commencement date for Loss Compensation Service per Rate Schedule 09.

BC Hydro validates after the fact (next working day) if a Transmission Customer has submitted valid losses for its energy schedules on the previous day.

## **2.6** Election Procedure

All Transmission Customers must renew their election for the supply of losses every year in April. On April 1<sup>st</sup> of every year, BC Hydro will notify Transmission Customers about the requirement for the election for the supply of losses. The Transmission Customer must upload the Losses Supply Election Form by April 15<sup>th</sup> on the BC Hydro Customer portal otherwise BC Hydro will deem the customer to have elected to purchase Loss Compensation Service from BC Hydro.



# **Document Change History**

Issue	Reason for Issue	Date
<u>5</u>	Updated language and re-ordered sections.	September XX, 2022
4	Updated hyper links to tariff and loss calculator.	July 22, 2015
3	Updated language.	December 9, 2013
2	Defined a valid loss tag.	December 31, 2010
1	Updated procedures to Loss Compensation.	November 1, 2010
	Previously Business Practice 11.	

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