

Cheakamus Project Water Use Plan

Monitoring Programs Annual Report: 2017

Implementation Period: November 2016 to October 2017

- CMSMON-1A Cheakamus River Juvenile Salmonid Outmigrant Enumeration Monitoring
- CMSMON-1B Cheakamus River Chum Salmon Escapement Monitoring and Mainstem Spawning Groundwater Survey
- CMSMON-2 Trout Abundance Monitor in Cheakamus River (Daisy Lake Dam to Cheakamus Canyon)
- CMSMON-3 Cheakamus River Steelhead Adult Abundance, Fry Emergence-timing, and Juvenile Habitat Use and Abundance Monitoring
- CMSMON-4 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Cheakamus Generating Station
- CMSMON-5 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Daisy Lake Dam
- CMSMON-6 Monitoring Groundwater in Side Channels of the Cheakamus River
- CMSMON-7 Cheakamus River Benthic Community Monitoring
- CMSMON-8 Monitoring Channel Morphology in Cheakamus River
- CMSMON-9 Cheakamus River Recreational Angling Access Monitoring

For Conditional Water Licences 110107 and 114268

BC Hydro Cheakamus Project Water Use Plan Monitoring Programs Annual Report: 2017

1 Introduction

This document represents a summary of the status and the results of the Cheakamus Project Water Use Plan (WUP) monitoring programs to October 31, 2017, as per the Cheakamus Order under the *Water Act*, dated February 17, 2006. There are ten monitoring programs and no physical works.

2 Status

The following table outlines the dates that Terms of Reference (TOR) for the Cheakamus WUP monitoring programs were submitted to and approved by the Comptroller of Water Rights (CWR).

Table 2-1: Dates of Cheakamus WUP TOR Submissions and Approvals by the Comptroller of Water Rights

Monitoring Program & Physical Works TOR	Order Clause	Original ToR	Submission	Most Recent ToR Resubmission		
Informed and a control of the contro	Order Glades	Date Submitted	ate Submitted Date Approved		Date Approved	
CMSMON-1A Cheakamus River Juvenile Salmonid Outmigrant Enumeration Monitoring	Clause 4.i	Nov 20, 2006	Nov 26, 2006	Dec 13, 2012	Dec 18, 2012	
CMSMON-1B Cheakamus River Chum Salmon Escapement Monitoring and Mainstem Spawning Groundwater Survey	Clause 4.i	Feb 23, 2007	Mar 22, 2007	Apr 15, 2013	May 06, 2013	
CMSMON-2 Trout Abundance Monitor in Cheakamus River	Clause 4.ii	Feb 23, 2007	Mar 22, 2007	Sep 23, 2015	Nov 18, 2015	
CMSMON-3 Cheakamus River Steelhead Adult Abundance, Fry Emergence-timing, and Juvenile Habitat Use and Abundance Monitoring	Clause 4.iii	Feb 23, 2007	Mar 22, 2007	Dec 13, 2012	Dec 18, 2012	
CMSMON-4 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Cheakamus Generating Station	Clause 4.v	Feb 23, 2007	Mar 22, 2007	-	-	
CMSMON-5 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Daisy Lake Dam	Clause 4.vi	Feb 23 2007	Mar 22, 2007	-	-	
CMSMON-6 Monitoring Groundwater in Side Channels of the Cheakamus River	Clause 4.vii	Feb 23 2007	Mar 22, 2007	-	-	
CMSMON-7 Cheakamus River Benthic Community Monitoring	Clause 4.viii	Feb 23 2007	Mar 22, 2007	-	-	
CMSMON-8 Monitoring Channel Morphology in Cheakamus River	Clause 4.ix	Feb 23 2007	Mar 22, 2007	Aug 31, 2015	Nov 05, 2015	
CMSMON-9 Cheakamus River Recreational Angling Access Monitoring	Clause 4.x	Feb 23 2007	Mar 22, 2007	-	-	

3 Schedule

The following table outlines the current schedule for the monitoring programs being delivered for the Cheakamus WUP

Table 3-1: Monitoring Programs Schedule as of October 31, 2017

	↓											
Monitoring Programs	2007 WLR YR1	2008 WLR YR2	2009 WLR YR3	2010 WLR YR4	2011 WLR YR5	2012 WLR YR6	2013 WLR YR7	2014 WLR YR8	2015 WLR YR9	2016 WLR YR10	2017 WLR YR11	2018 WLR YR12
CMSMON-1a Cheakamus River Juvenile Salmonid Outmigrant Enumeration Monitoring	*	✓	*	*	*	~	✓	*	*	*	√F	
CMSMON-1b Cheakamus River Chum Salmon Escapement Monitoring and Mainstem Spawning Groundwater Survey	✓	√	√	✓	1	✓	1	✓	1	✓	1	
CMSMON-2 Trout Abundance Monitor in Cheakamus River (Daisy Lake Dam to Cheakamus Canyon)		1	~	✓	✓	✓		√F				
CMSMON-3 Cheakamus River Steelhead Adult Abundance, Fry Emergence-timing, and Juvenile Habitat Use and Abundance Monitoring		✓	√	✓	1	✓	✓	4	1	✓	1	
CMSMON-4 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Cheakamus Generating Station		1	~	✓	√F							
CMSMON-5 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Daisy Lake Dam	×	√F										
CMSMON-6 Monitoring Groundwater in Side Channels of the Cheakamus River	1	1	1	1	√F							
CMSMON-7 Cheakamus River Benthic Community Monitoring		1	~	~	√F							
CMSMON-8 Monitoring Channel Morphology in Cheakamus River		1	~	√ *	√ *	1	✓	*	*	1	√F	
CMSMON-9 Cheakamus River Recreational Angling Access Monitoring			√F									

2012 Interim Review

Legend:

- Program to be undertaken/initiated in identified year
- = Program completed for the year
- x = Program started, but encountered operational or hydrological delays
- = No report was produced for this year due to a change in the contractor for this project.
- Approval of upcoming Terms of Reference submission will determine if program is to be undertaken/initiated in identified year
- ✓F = All field work for this project is complete. No further field work is planned.

4 Monitoring Programs Terms of Reference

The monitoring programs being implemented under the Cheakamus WUP are described in Terms of Reference and the reports for work completed to date can be found here:

http://www.bchydro.com/about/sustainability/conservation/water_use_planning/lower_mainland/cheakamus.html

5 Status of Monitoring Programs

5.1 CMSMON-1A Cheakamus River Juvenile Salmonid Outmigrant Enumeration Monitoring

The intent of this project is to assess the impact of the WUP operating regime on production of juvenile salmon in the Cheakamus River and key side channels. The objective is to collect the data necessary to estimate the annual outmigration of juvenile salmonids. The species of interest are Chum and Pink fry, Coho, Steelhead and Chinook smolts. Juvenile outmigration for all salmonid species will be enumerated with traps and counters at the outlets of key side channels.

Data from this study will be used in conjunction with data from other monitoring programs to develop stock-recruitment relationships in order to separate effects of spawning escapement from flow-related changes in survival during incubation and freshwater rearing.

The program is a continuation and expansion of a program initiated during the consultative process to monitor juvenile outmigration under the Interim Flow Order (IFO) and became a WUP project in 2007.

Attached is the 2015/16 summary report, dated September 2016.

The 2016/17 (Year 10) summary report is under review and will incorporate comments and discussion from the Monitoring Advisory Committee meeting held on August 3, 2017.

5.2 CMSMON-1B Cheakamus River Chum Salmon Escapement Monitoring and Mainstem Spawning Groundwater Survey

The main project components, which have examined the effects of the WUP flow regime on Chum salmon spawning and incubation in the mainstem of the Cheakamus River and major side channels, have been completed. The two monitoring components completed are:

- i) Estimating annual escapement of adult Chum salmon in the Cheakamus River; and
- ii) Examining the relation between discharge, groundwater upwelling, and the selection of spawning habitat by Chum salmon in the mainstem.

The results of this program were reviewed and a TOR is being developed to continue some aspects of the field program to provide information to better understand the connection between WUP operations (i.e. discharge) and maintaining access to critical side channel habitat for Chum spawning.

Attached is the 2015/16 summary report, dated August 2016.

The 2016 summary report is under review and will incorporate comments and discussion from the Monitoring Advisory Committee meeting held on August 3, 2017.

5.3 CMSMON-2 Trout Abundance Monitor in Cheakamus River (Daisy Lake Dam to Cheakamus Canyon)

The intent of this project was to relate changes in trout abundance to changes in Daisy Lake Dam operations relative to pre-WUP dam operations for the resident trout population located immediately downstream of the Daisy Lake Dam.

Data such as fish density, relative abundance, distribution of fish age classes and fish health were used in conjunction with data from other monitoring programs to investigate the relationship between the Cheakamus River discharge and fish production in this study.

The data collected up to early 2015 were reviewed by the technical subcommittee at the Monitoring Advisory Committee meeting held on July 9, 2015. The committee agreed in 2015 that sufficient information has been collected to answer the Management Questions and to wait for the outcomes of the Cheakamus Water Use Plan Order Review (WUPOR) before deciding if further monitoring is warranted.

This project was initiated in 2007 and field work completed in 2014.

5.4 CMSMON-3 Cheakamus River Steelhead Adult Abundance, Fry Emergencetiming, and Juvenile Habitat Use and Abundance Monitoring

The intent of this project is to examine the effects of the WUP flow regime on juvenile and adult Steelhead in the Cheakamus River to determine how river flows affect Steelhead production in this system. The study specifically investigates whether increased summer flows negatively affect emergent Steelhead parr using an annual abundance index which is then combined with young of the year samples to obtain a robust estimate of the production of Steelhead smolts.

The main project components, to examine the effects of the WUP flow regime on juvenile and adult Steelhead in the Cheakamus River to determine how river flows affect Steelhead production in this system, have been completed.

A review of this program against the management questions is being conducted. Some aspects of the field program may need to be extended or modified. A Terms of Reference submission, if required, will be submitted in January 2018.

Attached is the 2014/15 dated December 17, 2015 and 2015/16 summary report, dated May 22, 2017.

The 2016/17 final year summary report is being drafted and will incorporate comments and discussion from the Monitoring Advisory Committee meeting held on August 3, 2017.

5.5 CMSMON-4 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Cheakamus Generating Station

The intent of this project was to monitor whether fish stranding in the tailrace channel below the Cheakamus powerhouse is sufficient to affect local fish populations and therefore warrant mitigation. Because a threshold value of stranding is not defined for this location, the project approach was to use a modelling technique to identify the duration of sustained high flows prior to the dewatering event that cause fish to enter the tailrace channel and become stranded.

This program was initiated in 2008 and was completed in 2011.

5.6 CMSMON-5 Monitoring Stranding Downstream of Daisy Lake Dam

The intent of this project was to define a minimum level of acceptable stranding (MALS) below the Daisy Lake Dam and measure if the fish stranding rate

exceeds the MALS to determine if significant stranding is observed under two scenarios:

- i) When flows are reduced from 7 cubic metres per second (cms) to 3 cms on November 1, 2008 immediately downstream of the dam.
- ii) When the rate of stage change between Daisy Dam and Rubble Creek is less than 2.5 cm per hour when flows are reduced from 7 to 3 cms on November 1, 2008.

This program was initiated in 2008 and completed within the same year.

5.7 CMSMON-6 Monitoring Groundwater in Side Channels of the Cheakamus River

The intent of this project was to determine if there is a correlation between the Cheakamus River flows and sub-surface flows in the side channels between Culliton and Cheekye creeks; in particular whether there are seasonal and annual changes in groundwater direction, water quality and temperature in these side channels.

Data from this study was used in conjunction with data from other monitoring programs to measure fish production response to side channel conditions to determine if a relationship exists between groundwater flows and fish production.

This program was initiated in 2007 and completed in 2011.

5.8 CMSMON-7 Cheakamus River Benthic Community Monitoring

The intent of this project was to develop a Cheakamus Benthos Model (CBM) for use in evaluating the composition, abundance, and biomass of benthic invertebrates in the Cheakamus River. Data was collected over two years supplementing pre-WUP data to evaluate the relative importance and the magnitude of effects on benthic invertebrate biomass from Daisy Dam water releases in determining the composition, abundance and biomass of benthic communities in the Cheakamus River.

Following the Interim Review in 2012, BC Hydro considered additional monitoring due to recent improvements in the Whistler wastewater treatment plant. The model was developed to be a decision support tool for future planning initiatives, however, as Whistler Municipality is undertaking monitoring and has shared the data, no further monitoring is being considered by BC Hydro.

This program was initiated in 2008 and completed in 2011.

5.9 CMSMON-8 Monitoring Channel Morphology in Cheakamus River

The intent of this study was to assess if there has been a change in the overall availability of suitable spawning substrates in the Cheakamus River from the present state, if there is a change in the utility of the naturally occurring side

channels as fish habitat, and to what extent the hydrology of Rubble Creek, Culliton Creek and Swift Creek contribute to the general hydrology of the lower Cheakamus River in attenuating the effects of Daisy Lake dam operations.

Data from this study such as substrate type and configuration was used in conjunction with data from other monitoring programs to investigate the relationship between substrate type and fish production. The main project components have been completed.

However, we are proposing to continue some aspects of the field program to better understand the connection between WUP operations and maintaining access to critical side channel habitat within the existing TOR budget.

Attached is the 2015/16 summary report dated May 10, 2017.

The 2016/17 summary report is under review and will incorporate comments and discussion from the Monitoring Advisory Committee meeting held on August 3, 2017.

5.10 CMSMON-9 Cheakamus River Recreational Angling Access Monitoring

The intent of this project was to measure angling use in the Cheakamus River outside the sport fishing season (the period from January 1 to March 31) between Daisy Dam and the Cheakamus Canyon and assess whether access to recreational angling locations in that period improves under a WUP flow regime of 5 cms compared to a 3 cms minimum flow release. The performance measure used for this project was developed by the recreation subgroup of the consultative committee to measure angling in the sport fishing season, defined as mid-March to May 1 and August to December when the flow rates are much higher (19.4 cms and 68.4 cms) than in the January to March period.

This program was initiated in the spring of 2009 and completed within the same year.

6 Monitoring Programs Costs

The following table summarizes the Cheakamus WUP monitoring programs costs approved by the Comptroller and the actual costs to October 31, 2017.

Table 6-1: Cheakamus WUP Monitoring Programs Costs

		Costs		Estimated to	Total Forecast			
		approved by	Life to Date	Complete	(LTD and	Variance Total to		
Monitoring Programs	Phase	CWR	Actuals (LTD)	(Forecast)	Forecast)	Approved	Explanation	Corrective Action
Cheakamus WUP Annual Report		\$15,300	\$12,217	\$2,797	\$15,014	\$286		
Cheakanius WOF Annual Report		\$15,500	φ12,217	\$2,797	\$15,014	φ200		
CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid	Phase 1	\$2,112,685	\$1,786,106	5	\$1,786,106	\$326.579	Phase 1 Complete (Oct 31, 2012)	
CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid - ONR DM		\$91,450	\$94,108		\$94,108			
CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid - ONR Imp		\$2,021,235	\$1,691,998	3	\$1,691,998	\$329,237		
CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid - ONR DM	Phase 2	\$1,695,092 \$32,735			\$1,503,281 \$44,443		Project Complete	
CMSM01A Juvenile Salmonid - ONR Imp		\$1,662,357			\$1,458,837	(' / /		
CiviSivioTA Suverille Saimonia - ONK imp		\$1,002,337	\$1,440,022	φ12,013	\$1,430,037	\$203,520		
CMSM01B Chum Salmon Monitor		\$1,996,391	\$1,956,752	\$237,550	\$2,194,302	(\$197,911)	Extention of study to address operational effects on Chum Salmon	Resubmit TOR by November 30, 2017
CMSM01B Chum Salmon Monitor - ONR DM		\$71,447	\$71,497	\$13,612	\$85,110	(\$13,663)		
CMSM01B Chum Salmon Monitor - ONR Imp		\$1,924,944	\$1,885,254	\$223,938	\$2,109,192	(\$184,248)		
CMCMO2A Travé Abundanas Man		POE0 044	ФОГО 400		#050 400	6440	Project Complete	
CMSM02A Trout Abundance Mon CMSM02A Trout Abundance Mon - ONR DM		\$250,341 \$46,359			\$250,199 \$46,217		Project Complete	
CMSM02A Trout Abundance Mon - ONR Imp		\$203,982			\$203,982			
CWOWOZA Hour Abundance Worr - ONN Imp		Ψ203,902	Ψ200,902		Ψ203,302	ΨΟ		
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner	Phase 1	\$1,080,660	\$1,104,037	,	\$1,104,037	(\$23,377)	Phase 1 Complete (Oct 31, 2012)	
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner - ONR DM	I Hase I	\$100,814			\$58,308	(' ' /		
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner - ONR Imp		\$979,846			\$1,045,729			
		V 0. 0,0 10	V , (c. 10, 1 = 0		* * *, * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	(\$22,222)		
							Extention of study to address operational	
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner	Phase 2	\$1,142,226	\$1,071,791	\$178,861	\$1,250,652	(\$108,426)	effects on Steelhead Salmon	Resubmit TOR by January 2018
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner - ONR DM		\$32,735			\$32,429	\$306		
CMSM03A Steelhead Spawner - ONR Imp		\$1,109,491	\$1,044,637	\$173,586	\$1,218,223	(\$108,732)		
CMSM04A Stranding RiskMonitor		\$238,374					Project Complete	
CMSM04A Stranding RiskMonitor - ONR DM		\$42,414				. , ,		
CMSM04A Stranding RiskMonitor - ONR Imp		\$195,960	\$176,574	\$0	\$176,574	\$19,386		
0.000054 D		#00.00	004.050		# 04.050	(40.707)		
CMSM05A Dam downstrm strand		\$29,066 \$12,992			\$31,853 \$14,523		Project Complete	
CMSM05A Dam downstrm strand - ONR DM CMSM05A Dam downstrm strand - ONR Imp		\$12,992			\$14,523 \$17,330			
Simplification Daili downstilli stranu - Ornic Imp		φ10,074	φ17,330	,	φ17,330	(ψ1,200)		
CMSM06A Groundwater Linkage		\$307,297	\$286,425	\$2,195	\$288,620	¢10 677	Project Complete	
CMSM06A Groundwater Linkage CMSM06A Groundwater Linkage - ONR DM		\$62,279				. , ,		
CMSM06A Groundwater Linkage - ONR Imp		\$245,018			\$254,387			
			, , ,		, , , ,	(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
CMSM07A River Benthic monitor		\$304,371					Project Complete	
CMSM07A River Benthic monitor - ONR DM		\$38,153			. ,			
CMSM07A River Benthic monitor - ONR Imp		\$266,218	\$269,293	3	\$269,293	(\$3,075)		
CMSMOSA Channel Marchalani		ф4 Г7 Г70	Φ400 400	ФE4.004	#455.047	#0.550		
CMSM08A Channel Morphology CMSM08A Channel Morphology - ONR DM		\$457,576 \$67,733						
CMSM08A Channel Morphology - ONR Imp		\$389,843						
C.M.S.MOO.Y. Oricinion Morphology - Orac Imp		Ψ000,040	ψ551,055	ψ-τυ, 992	Ψ00+,047	ψυ, 190		
CMSM09A Recreation Angling		\$28,228	\$20,410	\$2,565	\$22,975	\$5.253	Project Complete	
CMSM09A Recreation Angling - ONR DM		\$14,426						
CMSM09A Recreation Angling - ONR Imp		\$13,802			\$11,504			

OR - Ordered Remissible ONR - Ordered Non-Remissible

BC Hydro

 $^{^{\}star}$ Red values in parentheses denote overage.